

	High School Grade: 9-10	Content* reflected in this standard addressed in the curriculum (Cite evidence)	Classify alignment	Content* that needs to be added to curriculum to achieve alignment	Degree to which curriculum requires students to achieve cognitive demands* required by this standard	Changes required to guarantee students will achieve the required cognitive demands*
		READING STAN	NDARDS FOR	LITERATURE		
Ke	ey Ideas and Details					
	Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including works by and about American Indians.		Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	
2.	Determine a theme or central idea of a text, including those by and about American Indians, and analyze in detail its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.		Full Partial No		Fully Partial Does not	
3.	Analyze how complex characters (e.g., those with multiple or conflicting motivations) develop over the course of a text (including those of American Indians), interact with other characters, and advance the plot or develop the theme.		Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	



	Classify Content* that needs to be added to curriculum to achieve alignment	Degree to which curriculum requires students to achieve cognitive demands* required by this standard Changes required guarantee studer will achieve the required cognitive demands*	nts e
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Craft and Structure			
4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g., how the language evokes a sense of time and place; how it sets a formal or informal tone; how it reveals complex cultural understandings within historical and/or contemporary contexts).	Full Partial No	Fully Partially Does not	
5. Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure a text, order events within it (e.g., parallel plots), and manipulate time (e.g., pacing, flashbacks) create such effects as mystery, tension, or surprise.	Full Partial No	Fully Partially Does not	
Analyze a particular point of view or cultural experience reflected in a work of literature from outside the United States, drawing on a wide	Full Partial No	Fully Partially Does not	



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reading of world literature.					

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas			
7. Analyze the representation of a subject or a key scene in two different artistic mediums, including what is emphasized or absent in each treatment (e.g., Auden's "Musée des Beaux Arts" and Breughel's Landscape with the Fall of Icarus). Painting: American Progress, by John Gast (circa 1872) with "Birthright," a poem by M.L Smoker in Another Attempt at Rescue).	Full Partial No	Fully Partially Does not	
8. (Not applicable to literature)	Full Partial No	Fully Partially Does not	
9. Analyze how an author draws on and transforms source material in a specific work (e.g., how Shakespeare treats a theme or topic from Ovid or the Bible or how a later author draws on a play by Shakespeare or how American	Full Partial No	Fully Partially Does not	

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Indians stories and oral histories appear in contemporary works, such as James Welch's Fools Crow, the author retells the Pikuni Traditional story, "Star Boy".)					

Range of Reading and Text Complexity			
10. By the end of grade 9, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 9–10 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range. By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at the high end of the grades 9–10 text complexity band independently and proficiently.	Full Partial No	Fully Partially Does not	



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READIN	NG STANDARDS FOR INFORMATIONAL TI	EXT	
Key Ideas and Details			
Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	Full Partial No	FullyPartiallyDoes not	
Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and	Full Partial No	FullyPartiallyDoes not	



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refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.					
3. Analyze how the author unfolds an analysis or series of ideas or events, including the order in which the points are made, how they are introduced and developed, and the connections that are drawn between them.		Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	

Craft and Structure			
4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g., how the language of a court opinion differs from that of a newspaper, or how American Indian treaty language	Full Partial No	Fully Partially Does not	

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differs from every day speech).					
5. Analyze in detail how an author's					
ideas or claims are developed and		Full		Fully	
refined by particular sentences,		Partial		Partially	
paragraphs, or larger portions of a		No		Does not	
text (e.g., a section or chapter).					
6. Determine an author's point of vie	N				
or purpose in a text (e.g. texts by		Full		Fully	
and about Montana American		Partial		Partially	
Indians) and analyze how an auth		No		Does not	
uses rhetoric to advance that poin	t	140		bocs not	
of view or purpose.					
Integration of Knowledge and Ideas					
7. Analyze various accounts of a					
subject told in different mediums		Full		Fully	
(e.g., a person's life story in both		Partial		Partially	
print and multimedia), determining		No		Does not	
which details are emphasized in each account.					
Delineate and evaluate the					
argument and specific claims in a					
text, assessing whether the		Full		Fully	
reasoning is valid and the evidence	e	Partial		Partially	
is relevant and sufficient; identify	-	No No		Does not	
false statements and fallacious					
reasoning.					
9. Analyze seminal U.S. documents	of				
historical and literary significance		Full		Fully	
(e.g., Washington's Farewell		Partial		Partially	
Address, the Gettysburg Address,		No		Does not	
Roosevelt's Four Freedoms speed	h,				

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King's "Letter From Birmingham					
Jail"), including how they address					
related themes and concepts.					
Range of Reading and Text Complexity					
10. By the end of grade 9, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 9–10 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range. By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at the high end of the grades 9–10 text complexity band independently and proficiently.		Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	

WRITING STANDARDS								
Text Types and Purposes								
Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.	Full Partial No	FullyPartiallyDoes not						
a. Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from	Full	Fully						

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alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that establishes clear relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence. b. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly, supplying evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level and concerns.		Partial No Full Partial No		PartiallyDoes not FullyPartiallyDoes not	
c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims. d. Establish and maintain a formal		Full Partial No Full		Fully Partially Does not	

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style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.		Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	
e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.		Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	
2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.		— Full — Partial — No		FullyPartiallyDoes not	
a. Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information to make important connections and distinctions; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.		Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	

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b. Develop the topic with well-chosen, relevant, and sufficient facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.		Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	
c. Use appropriate and varied transitions to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.		Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	
d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to manage the complexity of the topic.		Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	
e. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.		Full Partial No		FullyPartiallyDoes not	
f. Provide a concluding statement		Full Partial		Fully Partially	

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or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).		No		Does not	
3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.		Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	
a. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.		Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	
b. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences,		Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	
events, and/or characters. c. Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole.		Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	
d. Use precise words and phrases,		Full		Fully	

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telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.		Partial No		Partially Does not	
e. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.		Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	
Production and Distribution of Writing		T		T	
 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.) 		Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	
5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.		Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	
6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to other information and to display		Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	

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information flexibly and dynamically.					
Research to Build and Present Knowle	dge				
7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.		Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	
8. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.		Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	
9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. a. Apply grades 9–10 Reading standards to literature(e.g., "Analyze how an author draws on and transforms source		Full Partial No Full Partial No No		Eully Partially Does not Fully Partially Does not	

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material in a specific work [e.g., how Shakespeare treats a theme or topic from Ovid or the Bible or how a later author draws on a play by Shakespeare]" and as in James Welch's Fools Crow, the author retells the Pikuni traditional story "Star Boy")					
b. Apply grades 9–10 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is valid and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; identify false statements and fallacious reasoning").		Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	

Range of Writing			
10. Write routinely over extended time	Full	Fully	
frames (time for research, reflection,	Partial	Partially	



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and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.		No		Does not	



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Comprehension and Collaboration					
1. Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 9–10 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.		Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	
a. Come to discussions prepared having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.		Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	
b. Work with peers to set rules for collegial discussions and decision-making (e.g., informal consensus, taking votes on key issues, presentation of alternate views), clear goals and deadlines, and individual roles as needed.		Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	
c. Propel conversations by posing		Full		Fully	

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and responding to questions that relate the current discussion to broader themes or larger ideas; actively incorporate others into the discussion; and clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions. d. Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives, summarize points of agreement and disagreement, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views and understanding and make new connections in light of the evidence and		Partial No Full Partial No		PartiallyDoes not FullyPartiallyDoes not	
reasoning presented. 2. Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source.		Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	
3. Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric, identifying any fallacious reasoning or exaggerated or distorted evidence.		Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	

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Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas					
4. Present information, findings, and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and task.		Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	
5. Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.		Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	
6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.		Full Partial No		FullyPartiallyDoes not	

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High School Grade: 9-10 Content* reflected in this standard addressed in the curriculum (Cite evidence)	Classify Content* that needs be added to curricu to achieve alignment	Ilum to achieve guarantee students will achieve the	
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LANGUAGE STANDARDS						
Convention of Standard English						
Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.	Full Partial No	Fully Partially Does not				
a. Use parallel structure.*	Full Partial No	FullyPartiallyDoes not				
b. Use various types of phrases (noun, verb, adjectival, adverbial, participial, prepositional, absolute) and clauses (independent, dependent; noun, relative.	Full Partial No	FullyPartiallyDoes not				



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adverbial) to convey specific meanings and add variety and interest to writing or presentations.					
Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.		Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	
 a. Use a semicolon (and perhaps a conjunctive adverb) to link two or more closely related independent clauses. b. Use a colon to introduce a list or quotation. 		Full Partial No Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not Fully Partially Does not	
c. Spell correctly.		Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	
Knowledge of Language				T =	
3. Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.		Full Partial No		FullyPartiallyDoes not	
Write and edit work so that it conforms to the guidelines in a style manual (e.g., MLA		Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	

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Handbook, Turabian's Manual for Writers) appropriate for the discipline and writing type.					
Vocabulary Acquisition and Use					
4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grades 9–10 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies, recognizing the role culture plays in the development of language.		Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	
a. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.		Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	
 b. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., analyze, analysis, analytical; advocate, advocacy). 		Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	
c. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries,		Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	

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thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, it's part of speech, or its etymology.					
d. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).		Full Partial No		Fully Partially Does not	
 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., 		Full Partial No Full		FullyPartiallyDoes notFully	
satire, sarcasm) in context and analyze their role in the text. b. Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations.		Partial No Full Partial No		PartiallyDoes notFullyPartiallyDoes not	
6. Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase		Full Partial No		FullyPartiallyDoes not	

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important to comprehension or expression					